Management (for students starting in 2024 or later)

- 1. The essence of mathematical statistics, the errors of sampling and inference, the steps of statistical processing
 - Interpretation of descriptive statistical indicators, properties of statistical indicators, main representation methods
 - Estimation theory, properties of estimation, interval estimation
 - The general course of hypothesis tests, statistical tests and their hypotheses, conditions for their application
 - Basics of correlation and regression calculations, basic assumptions of the model, interpretation and testing of indicators and regression coefficients
- 2. Management theories and methods, their application and criticism
 - What managerial skills and good and bad examples of their application do you know?
 - Describe the organizational culture types according to Handy and Quinn. How do organizational structures and culture types fit together?
 - Present the learned motivational theories and introduce application examples (theories of Maslow, Herzberg, McClelland, Vroom, Adams, Locke, and Skinner)
 - Describe the learned leadership styles and give examples of when it is recommended to use a given leadership style (theories of Lewin, Tannenbaum-Schmidt, Ohio State University, Blake-Mouton, and Hersey-Blanchard)
- 3. Segmentation, targeting and positioning and STP strategy
 - Describe the process and main characteristics of segmentation and list the segmentation criteria.
 - Describe the STP strategy, its process and present the dimensions of positioning in detail through examples
 - Using examples, explain the five positioning strategies.
 - Define the perceptual map and explain its application using an example of your choice
- 4. Ensuring quality in organizational operations
 - The main features of the current ISO 9000 family of standards
 - Characteristics of Six Sigma and Lean Six Sigma approaches
 - Organizational self-evaluation
- 5. Process management
 - Methods and tools for recording and monitoring processes (advantages, disadvantages)
 - Failure analysis methods (advantages, disadvantages)
 - Process improvement models: similarities, differences, criticisms
- 6. Management of customer demand and their satisfaction
 - Methods of forecasting customer demand and their application issues
 - Evaluation of demand forecast errors and their consequences for operation
 - Examination of the capacity to satisfy customer needs and its modification possibilities
- 7. Inventory and supply management
 - Types of inventory problems and the costs of the processes associated with them
 - Management dilemmas and models of inventory control
 - Tasks and solutions of material requirements planning

Value management

- 1. The value methodology
 - Field of application, characteristics, advantages and disadvantages
 - Steps of the standard job plan, related management tools
 - Scope of study, objectives, and key performance indicators
- 2. Function analysis
 - The concept of function, steps and problems of function analysis
 - Methods of function definition, function models
 - Function-cost analysis and related techniques, practical examples of implementation
- 3. Group creativity techniques
 - Types of development teams, aspects and difficulties of team composition
 - Presentation of group creative techniques, similarities and differences
 - Selection methods, application examples
- 4. Development of proposals
 - Examples of ideas and proposals, differences, proposal formats
 - Suggestion systems
 - Challenges and practical problems of implementing proposals
- 5. The concept of value-driven service marketing
 - The fundamentals of value-driven marketing, including the concept and components of customer value and the drivers facilitating value creation
 - Differences between transactional and relationship marketing
 - Consumer satisfaction and loyalty, and the marketing elements contributing to the profitability of loyal customers
- 6. Value-driven service marketing strategy
 - The concept of a value-driven marketing strategy
 - Description of external factors influencing strategy (macro environment, competitive environment)
 - Alignment of internal capabilities and customer value
- 7. The role of customers in value creation
 - Stages of consumer behaviour in services
 - Factors influencing consumption, examples of their appearance
 - The correlation between perceived risk and consumer value
- 8. Tactical tools in service marketing
 - Consumer-oriented approaches to fundamental marketing tools (4Ps)
 - The impact of human factors, physical assets, and process management on customer value
 - HIPI characteristics and customer value